

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Management of

INSTITUTO HOMEM PANTANEIRO
Corumbá - MS

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of INSTITUTO HOMEM PANTANEIRO (“Entity”), which comprise the balance sheet as at December 31, 2017, and the statement of surplus (deficit), statement of changes in net assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of INSTITUTO HOMEM PANTANEIRO as at December 31, 2017, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the “Auditor’s responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements” section of our report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements set forth in the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants and the professional standards issued by the Federal Accounting Council and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matters

Financial position

In 2017, total income amounted to US\$ 293,794 and total expenses and costs amounted to US\$ 362,351, resulting in a deficit of US\$ 68,557. Expenses and costs include certain non-monetary expenses (not requiring payment), such as depreciation and amortization of US\$ 18,763. However, even considering these non-monetary expenses, IHP recorded an

operating deficit of R\$ 46,171, as shown in the cash flow – page 9, and income generated was not sufficient to meet the expenses and costs of IHP’s projects and activities.

Therefore, despite the deficit of US\$ 68,557 recorded in 2017, IHP does not face financial difficulties, there are no outstanding debts and no debt capital, such as bank borrowings, was necessary, since the deficit was covered by the main financial reserve, the Sustainability Fund held by IHP in the prior year (2016), in the amount of US\$ 22,186.

We emphasize the importance and Management’s need to establish strategic actions that can improve results and make the Entity’s sustainability and continuity feasible.

Financial statements expressed in US dollars (US\$)

As mentioned in note 2, the financial statements were prepared in accordance with the accounting practices adopted in Brazil. For reporting purposes, additionally, they are presented in American dollars (US\$). The financial statements have been remeasured from Brazilian reais (R\$) into US dollars (US\$) using the exchange rate prevailing at December 31, 2017 and 2016 for current assets and liabilities, and income and expenses. As a general rule, noncurrent assets and liabilities are remeasured at the historical acquisition rate whereas income and expenses, at the monthly average rate, resulting in an adjustment to net assets due to the foreign-currency translation. However, as inflation rates in Brazil are relatively low, only the current rate was used to remeasure the financial statements as at December 31, 2017 and 2017. This simplified practice does not require a translation adjustment. However, if historical rates had been used, there would be no differences in the Entity’s yearend net assets.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Communicating detailed key audit matters in the Independent Auditor’s Report is not required for this entity. This standard is only required to be applied to the audit of companies having shares, fund units, securities traded and registered on stock exchanges or traded under the regulations of a recognized stock exchange or equivalent agency, pursuant to NBC TA 701 – item 5 of the Federal Accounting Council.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative to avoid doing so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements taken as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. In addition:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve override of internal control, collusion, forgery, intentional omissions or misrepresentations.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

In accordance with NBC TA 700 – item 40(b) is only required for listed companies as well as providing those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements, including those regarding independence, and communicating with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

The description in our audit report of matters that were communicated with those charged with governance, considered of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period and that, accordingly, are the key audit matters, pursuant to NBC TA 701 – item 5, is only required for listed entities. The requirement to describe these matters for listed entities is not applicable unless law or regulation preclude public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

São Paulo, April 12, 2018



SGS Auditores Independentes
CRC 2 SP 020.277/O-5



Silvio de Jesus
CRC 1 SP 141/676/O-7

INSTITUTO HOMEM PANTANEIRO

Balance sheets as at December 31, 2017 and 2016

In US\$

<u>ASSETS</u>	Note	2017	2016
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents			
Cash		116	15
Banks - unrestricted		9	17
Operating reserve - unrestricted	4	1,346	1,997
Project reserve - restricted	5	56,054	164
Costing funds - unrestricted	6	1,545	15
Sustainability funds - restricted	7	22,186	72,037
Receivables	8	7,854	4,599
Total current assets		89,110	78,844
NONCURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	9	131,729	145,924
Intangible assets	10	8,641	12,944
Total noncurrent liabilities		140,370	158,868
TOTAL ASSETS		229,480	237,712

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

INSTITUTO HOMEM PANTANEIRO

Balance sheets as at December 31, 2017 and 2016

In US\$

<u>LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS:</u>	Note	2017	2016
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Suppliers - goods and services		7,078	4,139
Employee obligations	11	6,602	3,781
Payroll taxes	12	2,709	2,554
Taxes payable	13	266	400
Other payables	14	10,021	8,741
Funds - Projects in progress	15	56,064	-
Total current liabilities		<u>82,740</u>	<u>19,615</u>
NET ASSETS			
Net assets		<u>146,740</u>	<u>218,097</u>
Total net assets		<u>146,740</u>	<u>218,097</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		<u>229,480</u>	<u>237,712</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

INSTITUTO HOMEM PANTANEIRO

Statements of surplus (deficit) for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 In US\$

	Note	2017	2016
OPERATING INCOME			
Restricted			
Special agreements with government	19	242	-
Volunteer work	18	7,218	9,600
		<u>7,460</u>	<u>9,600</u>
Unrestricted			
Nongovernment sponsorships	19	-	18,442
Services rendered		73,128	48,649
Partnership agreement - Instituto Acaia	19	71,957	67,881
Donations from legal entities		40,167	52,140
Donations from individuals		94,923	75,907
Finance income		5,641	16,563
Other income		517	9,429
		<u>286,333</u>	<u>289,011</u>
Other operating income - unrestricted			
Donations of property, plant and equipment		-	56,325
Other income		-	220
		<u>-</u>	<u>56,545</u>
Total income		<u>293,793</u>	<u>355,156</u>
OPERATING COSTS AND EXPENSES			
Environmental programs			
Operating costs and expenses		(281,144)	(279,861)
Volunteer work	18	(7,218)	(9,600)
		<u>(288,362)</u>	<u>(289,461)</u>
Gross surplus (deficit)		<u>5,431</u>	<u>65,695</u>
Operating and administrative expenses		(73,988)	(72,619)
Surplus (deficit) for the period		<u>(68,557)</u>	<u>(6,924)</u>
Valuation adjustments to net assets		793	83
Comprehensive surplus (deficit)		<u>(67,764)</u>	<u>(6,841)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

INSTITUTO HOMEM PANTANEIRO

Statements of changes in net assets for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 In US\$

	Net assets	Translation adjustment	Surplus (deficit)	Total
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2015	227,448	(42,683)	-	184,765
Deficit for the period			(6,924)	(6,924)
Valuation adjustments to net assets			83	83
Translation adjustment		40,173		40,173
Transfer of surplus	(6,841)		6,841	-
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2016	220,607	(2,510)	-	218,097
Deficit for the period			(68,557)	(68,557)
Valuation adjustments to net assets			793	793
Translation adjustment		(3,593)		(3,593)
Transfer of surplus	(67,764)		67,764	-
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2017	152,843	(6,103)	-	146,740

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

INSTITUTO HOMEM PANTANEIRO

Statements of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 In US\$

	2017	2016
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Surplus/(deficit) for the year	(68,557)	(6,924)
Increase (decrease) in items not affecting cash:		
Depreciation and amortization	18,763	14,090
Donations of investments - fixed asset		(56,325)
Valuation adjustments to net assets	793	83
Translation adjustment - Cash and cash equivalents	(830)	29,792
Decrease (increase) in assets		
Receivables	(3,724)	(311)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities		
Suppliers - goods and services	3,007	(7,030)
Employee obligations	2,883	(2,248)
Payroll of self-employed workers	-	(83)
Payroll taxes	197	858
Taxes payable	(127)	74
Other payables	1,424	3,687
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>(46,171)</u>	<u>(24,337)</u>
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	<u>(2,882)</u>	<u>(40,274)</u>
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>(2,882)</u>	<u>(40,274)</u>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Funds - projects in progress	<u>56,064</u>	<u>-</u>
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>56,064</u>	<u>-</u>
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	<u>7,011</u>	<u>(64,611)</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	74,245	138,856
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	81,256	74,245
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	<u>7,011</u>	<u>(64,611)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

INSTITUTO HOMEM PANTANEIRO

**Notes to the financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016
In US\$**

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Instituto Homem Pantaneiro (“Entity”) is a private nonprofit entity, having administrative, finance and net asset autonomy, headquartered in the city of Corumbá, State of Mato Grosso do Sul. The Entity has indeterminate duration and nation-wide coverage.

The purposes of the Entity are the following:

- a) Promote, support, coordinate, develop, participate in and execute programs, plans, projects, activities, organization and viability of events related to education, monitoring, control, research, preservation and conservation of the environment, natural resources, and the environmental security quality;
- b) Promote, support, disclose, coordinate, develop, participate in and execute programs, plans, projects, activities, organization and viability of events related to education, research, training, qualification and empowerment of human resources in the environmental area;
- c) Promote, support, disclose, coordinate, develop and execute studies, environmental consulting, assessment, reports and environmental impact;
- d) Provide services and consulting to government and nongovernment institutions, private and state-owned companies, individuals and legal entities, in areas such as education, training, empowerment and professional qualification, planning, performance of all activities, organization and viability of events related to the environment, natural resources, quality and environmental security, as well as in all areas covered by its purposes and related activities.

2. PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil, which comprise the Brazilian Corporate Law and the technical pronouncements, instructions and interpretations issued by the Accounting Pronouncements Committee (“CPC”), and specifically ITG 2002 (R1), applicable to Nonprofit Entities and other supplementary provisions.

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil. For reporting purposes, additionally, they are presented in American dollars (US\$). The financial statements have been remeasured from Brazilian reais (R\$) into US dollars (US\$) using the exchange rate prevailing at December 31, 2017 and 2016 for current assets and liabilities, and income and expenses. As a general rule, noncurrent assets and liabilities are remeasured at the historical acquisition rate whereas income and expenses, at the monthly average rate, resulting in an adjustment

to net assets due to the foreign-currency translation. However, as inflation rates in Brazil are relatively low, only the current rate was used to remeasure the financial statements as at December 31, 2017 and 2016. This simplified practice does not require a translation adjustment. However, if historical rates had been used, there would be no differences in the Entity's yearend net assets.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Functional and reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Brazilian reais and US dollars – US\$.

b) Income and expense recognition

Income and expenses are recorded on the accrual basis.

c) Accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of estimates to account for certain assets, liabilities and other transactions. Therefore, the financial statements include estimates relating to provisions, receivables and other. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

d) Financial instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments are comprised of cash and cash equivalents, accounts and other receivables, and accounts and other payables.

e) Current and noncurrent assets

Cash and cash equivalents

Amounts recorded in cash and cash equivalents refer to bank accounts and highly liquid short-term investments with an insignificant risk of change in fair value, and which are considered equivalent to cash.

Short-term investments

Stated at cost plus income earned through the end of the reporting period, not exceeding fair or realizable values.

Property, plant and equipment

Represented by the rights acquired in tangible assets to be held and used in the Entity's operations or exercised for this purpose, including those originating from operations that transfer risks, rewards and controls over the Entity's assets.

Stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation calculated under the straight-line method based on the estimated useful life of the assets.

Intangible assets

Correspond to rights acquired in intangible assets that are maintained or used in the Entity's operations or exercised for this purpose. Intangible assets with finite useful lives are generally amortized on a straight-line basis over the period they are expected to generate economic benefits.

f) Current and noncurrent liabilities

Stated at known or estimated amounts, plus charges, inflation adjustment and/or changes in exchange rates incurred through the date of the statement of financial position, when applicable. When applicable, current and noncurrent liabilities are stated at present value based on interest rates that reflect the term, currency and risk of each transaction.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of funds will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are recorded based on the best estimates of the risk involved.

4. OPERATING RESERVE – Unrestricted

	2017	2016
Short-term investments	1,346	1,997
Total	<u>1,346</u>	<u>1,997</u>

5. PROJECT RESERVE – Restricted

	2017	2016
Short-term investments	56,054	164
Total	<u>56,054</u>	<u>164</u>

6. COSTING FUND – Unrestricted

	2017	2016
Short-term investments	1,545	15
Total	<u>1,545</u>	<u>15</u>

7. SUSTAINABILITY FUND – Restricted

	2017	2016
Short-term investments	22,186	72,037
Total	22,186	72,037

8. RECEIVABLES

	2017	2016
Fee advances	-	658
Advances to suppliers	4,758	3,482
Receivables	6,472	3,838
Allowance for losses on credits	(3,414)	(3,379)
Recoverable taxes	38	-
Total	7,854	4,599

9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	2017			2016	
	Annual deprec. rate	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Property, plant and equipment, net	Property, plant and equipment, net
Unrestricted					
Furniture and fixtures	10%	5,450	(2,036)	3,414	3,858
Telephony terminals	20%	116	(89)	27	51
Machinery and equipment	10%	24,661	(5,013)	19,648	21,637
IT equipment	20%	1,949	(1,623)	326	727
Land		4,534	-	4,534	4,611
Vessels	10%	60,758	(9,620)	51,138	58,173
Properties	4%	55,397	(4,063)	51,334	55,010
		152,865	(22,444)	130,421	144,067
Restricted					
Machinery and equipment	10%	1,503	(537)	966	1,136
IT equipment	20%	1,842	(1,500)	342	721
		3,345	(2,037)	1,308	1,857
Total		156,210	(24,481)	131,729	145,924

Changes in property, plant and equipment

	2016		2017			
	Net		Additions / acquisitions	Exchange rate changes	Depreciation	Net
Unrestricted						
Furniture and fixtures	3,858	242	(64)	(622)	3,414	
Telephony terminals	51		(1)	(23)	27	
Machinery and equipment	21,637	832	(355)	(2,466)	19,648	
IT equipment	727		(11)	(390)	326	
Land	4,611		(77)	-	4,534	
Vessels	58,173		(959)	(6,076)	51,138	
Properties	55,010		(906)	(2,770)	51,334	
	<u>144,067</u>	<u>1,074</u>	<u>(2,373)</u>	<u>(12,347)</u>	<u>130,421</u>	
Restricted						
Machinery and equipment	1,136		(20)	(150)	966	
IT equipment	721		(11)	(368)	342	
	<u>1,857</u>		<u>(31)</u>	<u>(518)</u>	<u>1,308</u>	
Total	<u>145,924</u>	<u>1,074</u>	<u>(2,404)</u>	<u>(12,865)</u>	<u>131,729</u>	

10. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Annual amort. rate	2017		2016	
		Cost	Accumulated amortization	Property, plant and equipment, net	Property, plant and equipment, net
GPS software	20%	30,230	(21,616)	8,614	12,900
Software - computers	20%	81	(54)	27	44
Total		<u>30,311</u>	<u>(21,670)</u>	<u>8,641</u>	<u>12,944</u>

11. EMPLOYEE OBLIGATIONS

	2017	2016
Salaries	3,374	2,159
Accrued vacation pay	3,228	1,622
Total	<u>6,602</u>	<u>3,781</u>

12. PAYROLL TAXES

	2017	2016
Social security contribution (INSS)	1.242	1,671
Severance pay fund (FGTS)	281	267
PIS on payroll	38	42
Union dues	47	47
Accrued taxes on vacation pay	1,101	527
Total	2,709	2,554

13. TAXES PAYABLE

	2017	2016
Withholding income tax – individuals	68	-
Withholding income tax - legal entities	6	70
Service tax (ISS)	96	36
Other payables	96	294
Total	266	400

14. OTHER PAYABLES

	2017	2016
Advances from customers	9,518	8,481
Reimbursable expenses	208	-
Electric power	58	247
Water	28	13
Telephone	209	-
Total	10,021	8,741

15. FUNDS – PROJECTS IN PROGRESS

Special agreements with government – Restricted short-term investments

Type and Agency	Related responsibilities	2017 US\$	2016 US\$
FUNLES	If the project is not materialized, IHP will return the related funds to the sponsor.	56,064	-
Total		56,064	-

Refers to the Fund for the Defense and Remediation of Diffuse and Aggrieved Interests (FUNLES), managed by the Secretariat for Environment, Economic Development, Production and Family Agribusiness (SEMAGRO). The related funds were received in 2017 and will be invested in the subsequent period – 2018. Income and costs will be recognized in the financial statements as realized.

16. PROVISION FOR RISKS

Provisions are recognized by the Entity's management based on its legal counsel's opinion in amounts aligned with estimated losses arising from lawsuits.

Likelihood of loss on lawsuits may be classified as:

- (a) Probable – one or more future events are more likely than not to occur.
- (b) Possible - one or more future events are more than remote but less than likely to occur.
- (c) Remote – one or more future events are unlikely to occur.

The Entity is not party to labor, civil and tax involving risks of losses. Therefore, recognizing a provision for risks was not necessary.

17. USE OF FUNDS

The Entity's funds were used in its institutional purposes, as specified in its Bylaws, as shown in the statement of its expenses and investments. Instituto Homem Pantaneiro has two sources of income: Donations and services provided. Income from services are used to finance the preservation of environment, natural resources, environmental quality and safety, as well as to carry out its statutory purposes and related activities.

18. VOLUNTEER WORK

As prescribed by Resolution No. 1409 – Federal Accounting Council (CFC) ITG 2002 – item 19, volunteer work should be recognized at the fair value of the service provided, as if a cash disbursement had been made. According to Appendix A to this Resolution, volunteer work should be treated in income and expenses in the same amount, without affecting the entity’s surplus or deficit.

Therefore, no payments were made for volunteer work, since services are not compensated, under Volunteer Work Law.

19. SPONSHORSHIPS AND SPECIAL AGREEMENTS – Income

Special agreements with government – Restricted

Type and Agency	Project	Related responsibilities	2017 US\$	2016 US\$
Fund for the Defense and Remediation of Diffuse ad Aggrieved Interests (FUNLES), managed by the Secretariat for Environment, Economic Development, Production and Family Agribusiness).	GEOPANTANAL: Technology-enabling conservation tool.	-Execute the Work Plan; -Apply the fund received for executing the project; -Keep the accounting bookkeeping up-to-date; -Be responsible for payroll taxes; -Comply with the provisions of State Decree No. 14494; -Enable oversight and supervision by the Grantor; -Return any remaining balances; -Accountability for the funds received.	242	-
Total			242	-

Partnership Agreement – Instituto Acaia

Entity	Project / partnership description	2017 US\$	2016 US\$
Instituto Acaia	Partnership agreement for paying the maintenance of the communications system in the areas covered by the RPCSA	7,266	6,409
Instituto Acaia	Partnership agreement for monitoring and oversight actions in the areas covered by the RPCSA	64,691	61,472
Total		71,957	67,881

Nongovernment sponsorships

Type and Agency	Project	Related responsibilities	2017 US\$	2016 US\$
Fundação Boticário de Proteção à Natureza	13 th Nature Protection and Conservation Strategy Training	Extension Training to Brazil's Environmental Military Police Officers. 2016 Nature Conservation and Protection Strategies developed into two steps: 1- Distance learning ("EaD") – Five modules with 20 hours each in a virtual learning environmental (Moodle), and, 2 – classroom training provided in Serra do Amolar, in Pantanal/MS.	-	18,442
Total			-	18,442

20. TAX EXEMPTIONS AND WAIVER

	2017	2016
Corporate income tax (IRPJ)	-	-
Social contribution on net profit (CSLL)	-	-
ISS (Service tax)	3,408	2,432
PIS (tax on income)	1,878	2,246
Cofins (tax on income)	8,665	10,367
Total	13,951	15,045

21. INSURANCE

The Entity does not have insurance coverage for its administrative building, as the property has been preserved as a historic site, and insurers do not provide coverage for heritage buildings.

22. PROPERTY PURCHASE RIGHTS

The rural properties named Fazenda Morrinhos and Fazenda Novos Dourados, located in the municipality of Corumbá, State of Mato Grosso do Sul, where Private Natural Reserve Engenheiro Elieser Batista was created, were acquired by Instituto Homem Pantaneiro (IHP) from MMX Corumbá Mineração S.A., under a Purchase and Sale Commitment dated August 11, 2014, amended on April 16, 2015 (Fazenda Novos Dourados) and an Assignment of Rights Commitment dated August 11, 2014 (Fazenda Morrinhos), for the amounts of US\$917,257 (R\$2,089,418.90) and US\$100,851 (R\$310,581.11), which have not yet been paid by the seller to the acquiring party, since conditions precedent contained in the Commitments have not yet been complied with.

On August 11, 2014, the parties also executed a Lease Agreement. The price agreed upon for the lease – US\$63,400 (R\$600,000.00) – was paid by netting outstanding receivables in favor of the Entity which originated from the Partnership and Management, Maintenance and Performance of Conservation Programs Agreement entered into on January 01, 2010 and amended on February 02, 2011.

Instituto Homem Pantaneiro assigned 95% of the rights it held over the abovementioned properties to a group of individuals, which was formalized on December 10, 2012 under an Assignment of Purchase Rights Agreement, for US\$180,482 (R\$368,815.07) (Fazenda Morrinhos) and US\$1,214,183 (R\$2,481,184.93) (Fazenda Novos Dourados), to join efforts to continue the environment preservation activities and the scientific and environmental education projects being developed in the properties.

The interest in the partnership established between Instituto Homem Pantaneiro and the group of individuals was lost and, as a way to contribute to the preservation of Serra do Amolar, the amount of US\$88,364 (R\$350,000.00) initially received as down payment when the assignment of rights agreement referred to above was executed, was not returned. Such amount was received by the Entity as donation.